33 157-613

On October 22, 1964, JN T-1 advised that the following individuals were dissatisfied because the Mississippi Knights of the Ku Klux Klan did not advocate forms of violence and as such joined the United Ku Klux Klan. JN T-1 stated that these individuals advocate violence and are extremely strong segregationists:

JEFF LUKE, CECIL ROBERTS, PAUL L. FOSTER, NELSON HANEY,
TOMMIE L. JONES, ED MC DANIEL and MYRON WAYNE "JACK" SEALE.

On February 17, 1965, JN T-4 advised he had not seen or heard of any recent activity on the part of TOMMIE L. JONES during the recent months.

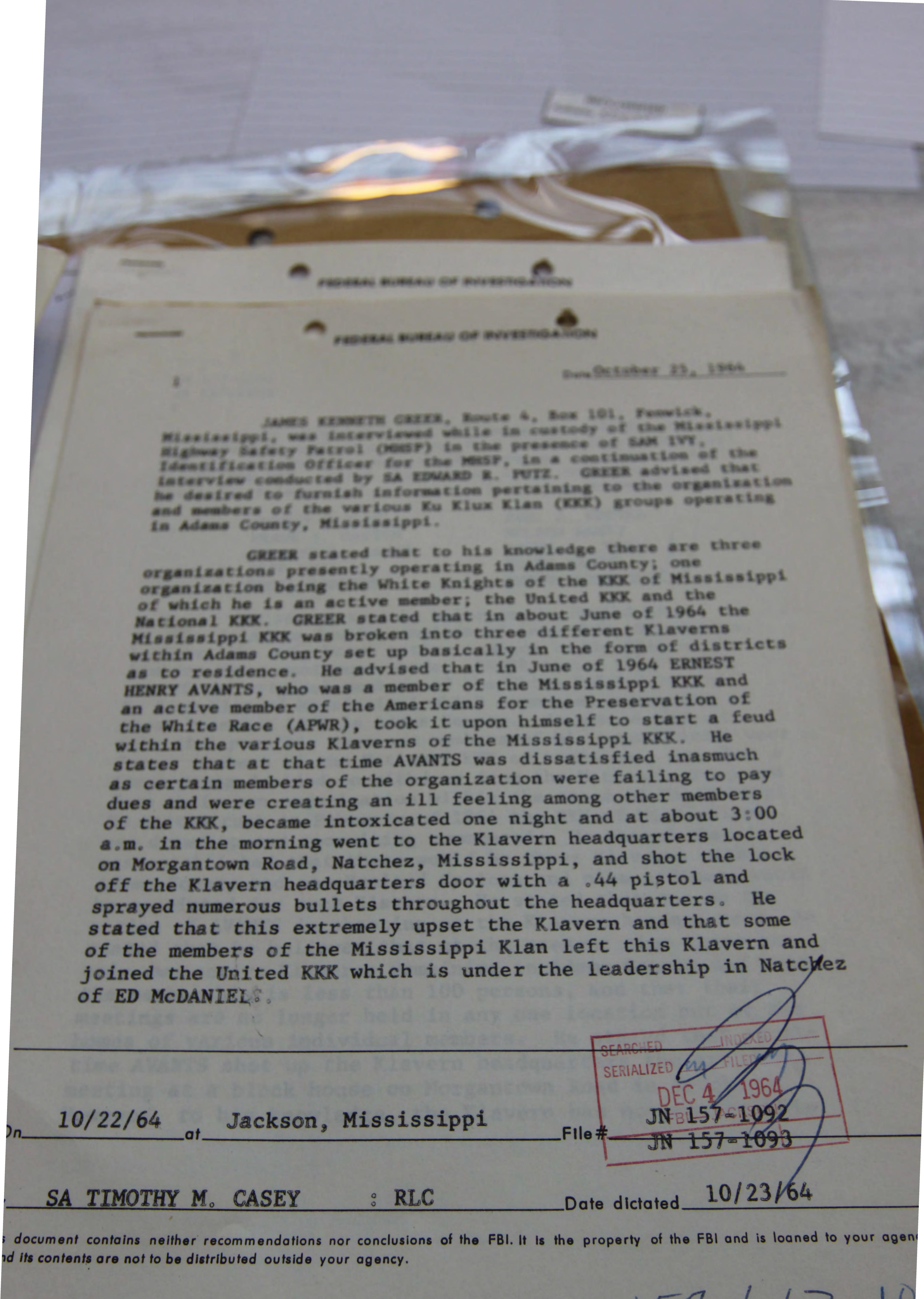
On February 8, 1965, JN T-4 advised that should violence occur in Amite County, he feels the following would probably be involved:

TOMMIE JONES, of Natchez; TOMMIE JONES' father, who resides in Amite County; and the uncle of BILLY JACK CASTON, a member of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol, at Tylertown, Mississippi.

On March 3, 1965, JN T-1 advised that TOMMIE JONES, Natchez, Mississippi, and at least one other person, went to Laurel Hill, Louisiana, during early 1964 and shot into a Negro Masonic Lodge in that area. JN T-1 stated these individuals are not known to have attempted to burn this building.

On April 26, 1965, JN T-2 advised he has not seen or heard of any recent activity on the part of TOMMIE L. JONES in connection with klan activity.

III. INTERVIEWS OF SUBJECT



FEDERAL BUREAU OF WEST-STREET AND AND A JN 157-1093 He stated that the following individuals were dissatisfied, and were dissatisfied because the Mississippi KKK did not advocate forms of violence and as such, joined the United KKK. GREER states that these individuals advocate violence and are extremely strong segregationists PAUL L. FOSTER ERNEST FINLEY NELSON HANEY FRANK S. GASTON TOMMY L. JONES CHARLES L. JAMES ED MC DANIEL JEFF LUKE

CECIL ROBERTS

MYRON WAYNE SEA

He stated that he believes the United Klan Klavern in Adams County consists of less than 100 members; however, the only known active members in the Klavern to him are those mentioned above. GREER stated that he was one of the original members of the White Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of Mississippi which commenced organizing in about December 1963 in Adams County. He stated that at this time possibly numerous members of his organization were former members of the National KKK of Louisiana, and that a large group decided to withdraw from the National group and form their own organization within the state of Mississippi. He stated that in February of 1964 the KKK of Mississippi was drawn up and recruiting commenced. He stated that it was established that there would be three Klaverns within Adams County and one Exalted Cyclops and nine officers would be appointed for each Klavern. He stated that due to the action of AVANTS in shooting up the Klavern headquarters, he stated that he believes that at the present time there are only two active Klaverns remaining in Adams County and that the membership is less than 100 persons, and that their meetings are no longer held in any one location but at the homes of various individual members. He stated that at the time AVANTS shot up the Klavern headquarters the group was meeting at a block house on Morgantown Road in Natchez. However, to his knowledge, the Klavern has not met at this

JN 157-1093 JN 157-1093

headquarters since that time. He stated that this property on which the Klavern headquarters was located was either leased or owned by NELSON HANEY.

GREER advised that the following individuals are either present or former members of the White Knights of the Ku Klux Klan of Mississippi:

ERNEST H. AVANTS, former member

JOHN WILLIAM BARBER, active member

J. W. BIRCHFIELD, former member, but left Klan when he obtained position as Constable

JOHN BOSTICK, active member

(First Names Unknown) BRITT, two brothers who were active members at one time but both believed inactive at present time

DOUGLAS BYRD, active member

"PEANUT" CARNELL, former active member who now may be member of United Klan

REGINALD CARTER, former member; no longer affiliated with organization

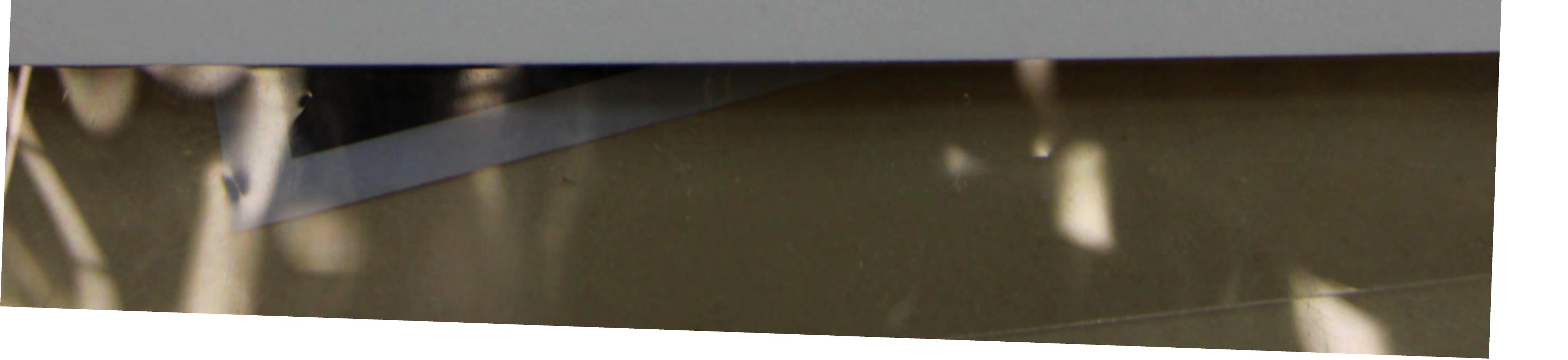
CALVIN CLARK, former member; no longer affiliated with organization

J. D. CRAWFORD, former member who left organization shortly after joining to take Constable position

(FNU) DeMARCO, active member

JOHN D. DRUETTA, former member who severed his affiliation with the organization

CLAUDE FULLER, active member



39 157-1093 39 157-1093

ED FULLER, active member

SIDNEY HANEY, former member, not known to be active at present

MARIO HERNANDEZ, former member who terminated his membership

M. L. HOUSE, active member

JOE LOUIS, former member, not known to be presently affiliated with the organization

ALLEN MC CALLISTER, former member, not known to be active at present time

MARVIN MC KINNEY, former member, known to be out of Klan at present time

JAMES L. MC KINNEY, active member

CHARLES MARSHAL, former member, not known to be active at present time.

HENRY L. MOORE, active member; however, due to his employment has never been able to attend any of the KKK meetings.

ATLEY MOORE, former member who has left the Natchez area

(FNU) MURRAY, former member who is no longer member due to his employment as a member of the Natchez Police Department

R. L. PARKER III, former member, no longer active and only appeared at two meetings of the Klavern

ERNEST B. PARKER, former member and no longer active; however, may possibly be a member of the United Klan as he is a close associate of MYRON WAYNE SEALE.

157-1092 157-1093

JOE PEOPLES, former member who may be associated with the

ALTON ROBERTS, former member who is a brother of CECIL ROBERTS

J. R. RANKIN, former member; no longer affiliated, who is a Deputy Sheriff, Adams County

GENE SEALE, former member and may still be member: however, possibly associated with a Klavern in Meadville, Mississippi.

WILLIE STROUD, former member who left membership due to his position on the Natchez Police Department

T. L. TORGERSEN, former member who may have associated himself with the United Klan

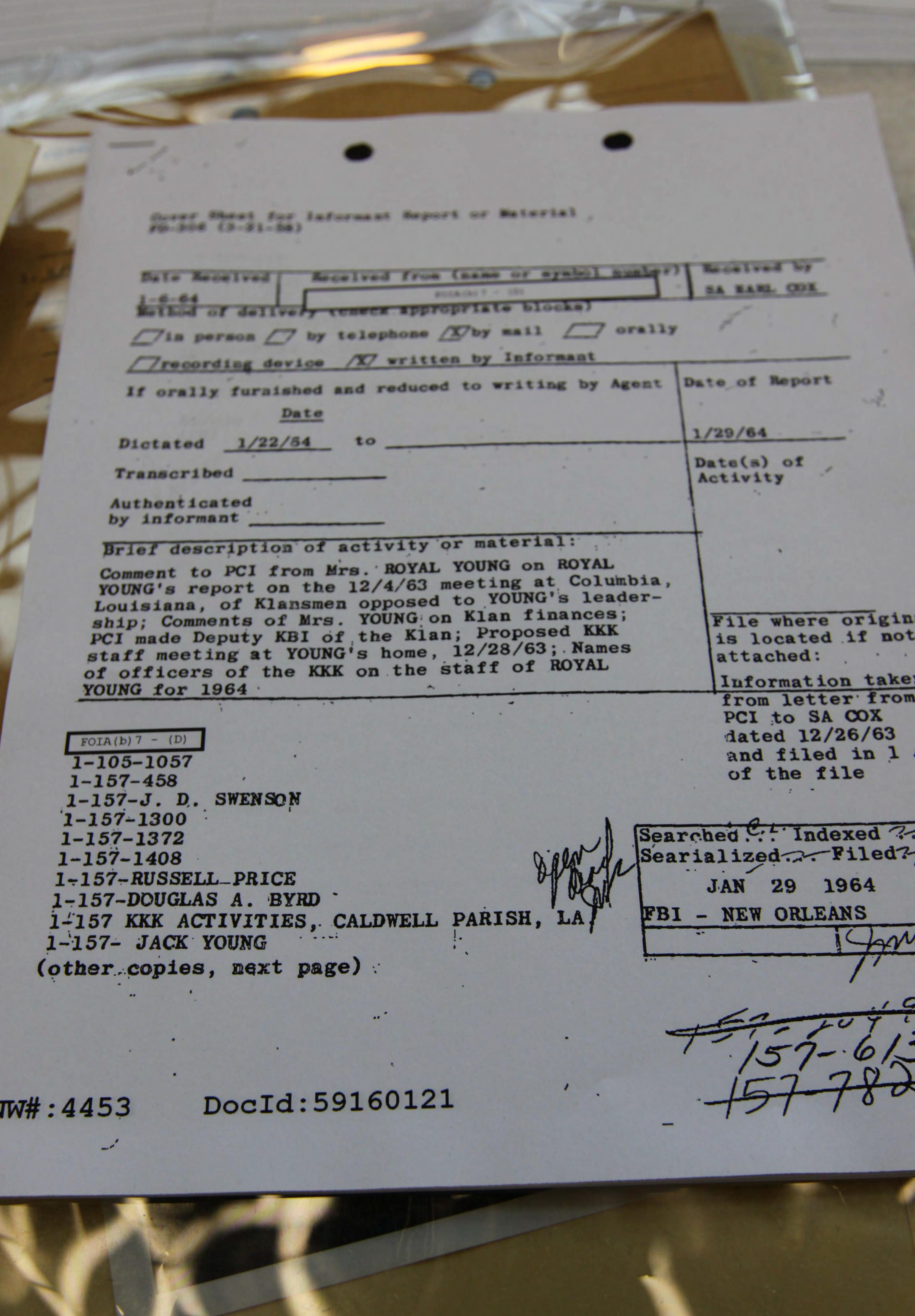
JIMMY WHITE, former member

J. G. WISNER, former member

BILLY L. WOOD, may presently be an active member

GREER stated that both the sons of Mayor JOHN NOSSER were former members of the Mississippi KKK; however he has no knowledge of Mayor NOSSER ever associating with this Klan.

ALL SELECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O



Monroe, Louissians January 29, 1964

Mrs. MOYAL YOUNG made the statement on December 19.

1963, that MOBERT FULLER and ROYAL YOUNG were at Natchez,

Mississippi, at that time to attend a meeting with Klan
units in that area.

attended the Klan meeting at Columbia, Louisiana, on Sunday, December 15, 1963, which was called by Klansmen opposed to YOUNG's leadership. Her remarks indicated that MURRAY MARTIN and GRADY WILDER were at that meeting but that they were unable to produce evidence to support charges against ROYAL YOUNG's leadership. Remarks by Mrs. YOUNG indicated that DOUGLAS BYRD and CLIFTON BARTON, formerly Chief of the Klan Bureau of Investigation, were not at the meeting at Columbia on December 15, 1963.

Mrs. ROYAL YOUNG made the statement that she was bookkeeper for ROYAL YOUNG and had records on Klan finances including payments from each Klan unit, and that she had issued receipts for these payments to Klan unit secretaries.

Mrs. YOUNG made remarks on the split in the Klan and indicated

1

SWENSON promising more to Klas units than the Klas could deliver. She was also critical of SWENSON for his being slow to deliver Klas robes paid for by the various units and his failure to supervise closely newly formed units.

had attended the Xlan meeting in Columbia, Louisiana, on December 15, 1963, which meeting had been called by those Klansmen who were opposed to YOUNG's leadership. She stated, from information furnished to her by ROYAL YOUNG, that YOUNG felt that he had been successful in keeping most of the Klan units with him. He reportedly said that he felt that the Klan units at Olla, Winnsboro and Jena, might not remain with him but he felt that the Klan units at Columbia and Wisner would follow his leadership.

in ROYAL YOUNG's home in a filing cabinet and a diagram of the floor plan of YOUNG's residence was made.

In making remarks regarding this split developin the Klan organization, Mrs. YOUNG made the statement

neveral Elan units had withheld their funds and had not sent in their money for the last two months. She made the statement that about \$8,500 had been received by the Alan from the different units during the year 1963. She did not make it clear whether this \$8,500 was the money that was sent to Klan headquarters after the Klan organizers. had taken their part or whether it included the money which went to the Klan organizers. She made the remark that the Klan staff members had voted a salary of \$240 to be paid to J. D. SWENSO'N and that SWENSON had received that amount each month. She gave the impression that this \$240 a month paid to SWENSDN was above the money which he collected and ... kept as his part from his organization work. Mrs. YOUNG, in talking about the finances of the Klan, made the statement that J. D. SWENSON had received about \$3,200 of the. \$8,500 referred to above as having been received by the ... Klan; she commented also that MURRAY MARTIN had received about \$7.00 from that \$8,500; she stated that ROYAL YOUNG . had got about \$1,000 from this fund. She did not make any comment as to the amount of money which might have been paid to BATES, BARTON, or WILDER. Mrs. YOUNG made the remark that there was approximately \$1,700 in the national

treasury of the Klan at that time. Mrs. Young's comments . . accounted for approximately \$6,600 of the \$8,500 which she stated had been received by the Klan, but she gave no indication as to what disposition might have been made of the approximately \$1,900 remaining. She stated that R. E. DAVIS, Imperial Wizard, Dallas, Texas, received the sum of six cents per member per month and also receives the sum of \$1.00 for each robe sold. Mrs. YOUNG commented that from the funds paid in to the Klan, ROYAL YOUNG buys the materials necessary to conduct the operation of the Klan, purchase paper, envelopes, stamps, books, literature, and other necessary materials; she stated that YOUNG keeps a record on all these expenditures. Mrs. YOUNG remarked that ROYAL YOUNG makes about \$1,000 a month from his job with Illinois Central Railroad and she stated that he did not need funds from the Klan except to pay his expenses.

Mrs. YOUNG made remarks that she was making new robes for JACK YOUNG as Grand Chaplain, ROBERT FULLER as Chief of the Klan Bureau of Investigation, CHARLIE PIERSON as Assistant Chief of the Klan Bureau of Investigation, and J. D. SWENSON as National Kleagle. She commented that these robes were to cost \$35.00 each with the exception of SWENSON's

FORM WHILES WOULD be \$50.00

had sent \$200 to ROBERT FULLER for expenses for the month of November, 1963.

December 26, 1963, ROYAL YOUNG had sworn PIERSON in as Assistant Chief of the Klan Bureau of Investigation.

PIERSON also made the statement that he had received a new black robe and cape to go with that position.

ROYAL YOUNG made the statement on December 26,

1963, that he felt that the trouble over the split developing in the Klan was pretty well settled at that time. He
remarked that he felt that he might lose all of the Klan
units in Mississippi to DOUGLAS BYRD. He also commented
that he was hopeful that a few of the Mississippi Klan
units might stay with him. YOUNG had a letter from TOMMY

L. JONES from Mississippi, who appeared to be an organizer
possibly in the Natchez area, and this letter advised YOUNG
that JONES regretted the split that had developed in the
Klan, that he felt that he should go with DOUGLAS BYRD,
and JONES sent in his membership card, which appeared to
show that he was number six in Klavern unit 1001 in Mississippi.

5

:4453 DocId:59160121



The name of that Elan unit appeared to be the Atams Company

On December 26, 1963, BOYAL TOURG also had a letter from RUSSELL PRICE, Secretary of the Klam unit at Monroe, Louisians, and it appeared from the letter that ROBERT FULLER at Monroe had given PRICE permission to attend certain Klan meetings in the various Klan units in the Monroe area. PRICE was to receive \$10.00 to cover his expenses in going to each of those Klan meetings and he had submitted a bill in his letter to ROYAL YOUNG in the amount of \$40.00. YOUNG made the statement that he would pay that \$40.00 but that he would advise ROBERT FULLER to discontinue sending PRICE to those various Klan meetings. He stated that he had not authorized FULLER to send PRICE to those meetings. YOUNG commented that he was going to have a long talk with FULLER, and he said he did not believe FULLER has the courage that he had thought that FULLER had because FULLER is afraid to go to Mississippi with YOUNG during the time of the trouble with the Klam units in Mississippi.

ROYAL YOUNG made certain remarks about an escort or body guard to go with him on his various trips, and he

6

4453. DocId: 59160121

Klan. From these comments about the organization of the and the chain of command of the Klan, a diagram was drawn to illustrate the organization and the chain of command.

A staff meeting of the officers of the Klan
was called for December 26, 1963, at the home of ROYAL
YOUNG. In talking about the officers of the Klan, ROYAL
YOUNG stated that the officers beginning January 1, 1964,
would be as follows: ROYAL V. YOUNG - Imperial Dragon

J. D. SWENSON - National Kleagle

ROBERT FULLER - Chief KBI

CHARLIE PIERSON - Assistant Chief KBI

HOUSTON MORRIS - Grand Kleagle

HENRY IRVING BAYLES - Grand Dragon

JACK YOUNG - Grand Chaplain

YOUNG stated that he was undecided as to who he would made Grand Giant. YOUNG stated that the above named staff officers would be at the staff meeting at his home on December 26, 1963.

YOUNG made the statement that a young man by the name of DON DOBBS, or DON DODD, who owns the Consolidated

TV Service, 2158 East Texas Avenue, Bossier City, Louisiana

7

had been doing some pictures and tapes for him. YouNG commented also this man passed a lot of information on to him from the newspapers and from police.

YOUNG commented that ROY HOLDER and DALE CARPENTER of Shreveport, Louisiana, had a small unit going, but he said he did not want anything to do with them. He commented that he thought they might possibly be tied in with the Texarkana Klam unit and (FNU) EDWARDS of Arkansas.

Memore metalin SAC 34-CKSON (1.57-613) SHOWS - DEEDED BARBARA BARBARA MANAGER TENNETE LEE JOHNES E32 (E2.2.2) The following is a correlation of information obtained in subject's file:

Serial 145: On 11/20/67 FOLKING - 18 advised that only three members of the SDG showed up for the meeting at the Coronet Restaurant in Ferriday, La., on 11/19/67. The members present discussed the fire death of FRANK MORRIS at the shoe shop in Ferriday, La. An article in "Grit" or a similar type magazine indicated that guns had been held on MORRIS and that he was shot with a flame thrower. L. C. MURRAY questioned E. D. MORACE, "What did the SOB do?" (to cause them to burn him) and MORACE just laghed. Source recalled that at the time of this incident he and others believed that JAMES SCAROBOROUGH, TOMMIE LEE JONES, THOR LEE TORGERSEN and E. D. MORACE had done the job. FBI informants were discussed by the three men. MORACE suspects that TOMMIE LEE JONES is an FBI informant.

Serial 146: On 11/17/67 FOIA(b) 7 - (D) advised that no invitation has been extended since 11/12/67 to attend meetings of Silver Dollar Group. (No specific info re subject)

Serial 147: On 11/20/67 FOIA(b)7 - (D) advised at SDG meeting on 11/19/67 he brought up subject of the FRANK MORRIS murder case on 12/10/64, Ferriday, La. L. C. MURRAY commented that he was living in California at the time of the incident and read in a magazine that a flame throwing had been used in connection with this incident. MORACE commented that something like that had been used. MORACE also commented that gasoline and diesel fuel had been thrown on the individual. Source said he had heard at the time this happened that TOMMIE LEE JONES, along with JAMES SCAROBOROUGH, THOR LEE TORGERSON and E. D. MORACE, were responsible for this killing. 157-613-1-

JN 157-613

Serial 153: On 12/13/67 FOIA(b)7 - (D) advised that TOMMY LEE JONES and RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER were seen conversing 12/7/67 at TINY LEWIS' barbecue pit, Highway 61 North, Natchez, Miss. Source was unable to determine contents of conversation.

Serial 154: On 1/9/68 FOIA(b)7 - (D) advised JAMES LEE visited with SONNY TAYLOR on 1/6/68. LEE spoke of the time GLOVER and LEE had talked to TAYLOR about TOMMIE LEE JONES being an FBI informant. The following day or two JONES had received a call from a woman to the effect that LEE and GLOVER intended to kill him. TAYLOR told LEE it is possible that GLOVER had backed out on wanting to kill JONES and that GLOVER had a woman call JONES to get out of taking any action. LEE seemed impressed with this thought and said he had not considered this angle before and had thought the FBI had a "bug" and had overheard the conversation among LEE, GLOVER and TAYLOR. He seemed to accept the suggestion of TAYLOR and stated he was no longer sure of GLOVER since GLOVER had brought TOMMIE JONES to an SDG meeting after knowing JONES was an informant. LEE stated JONES knows something on him but would never get anything else on him as he would not attend further meetings or do anything with JONES.

JN 44-2044 157-613; 157-405 FBU/clm

The following investigation was conducted by SA FRANK B. WATTS:

was again interviewed on November 24, 1967, concerning her past association with TOMMIE LEE JONES and THOR LEE TORGERSEN, both of Natchez, Mississippi.

advised that

by her association with JONES and TORGERSEN and continued to feel that if any publicity were given this association at the present time,

for her. Accordingly, she desired to discuss this matter and furnish any information in her possession strictly on a confidential basis.

during the past several days to her past association with both JONES and TORGERSEN and could not recall ever hearing them discuss any acts of violence committed, or to be committed, by them. She stated again that she recalled they were generally known to be klansmen in the Natchez - Vidalia, Louisiana, area but she never knew the extent of this klan affiliation.

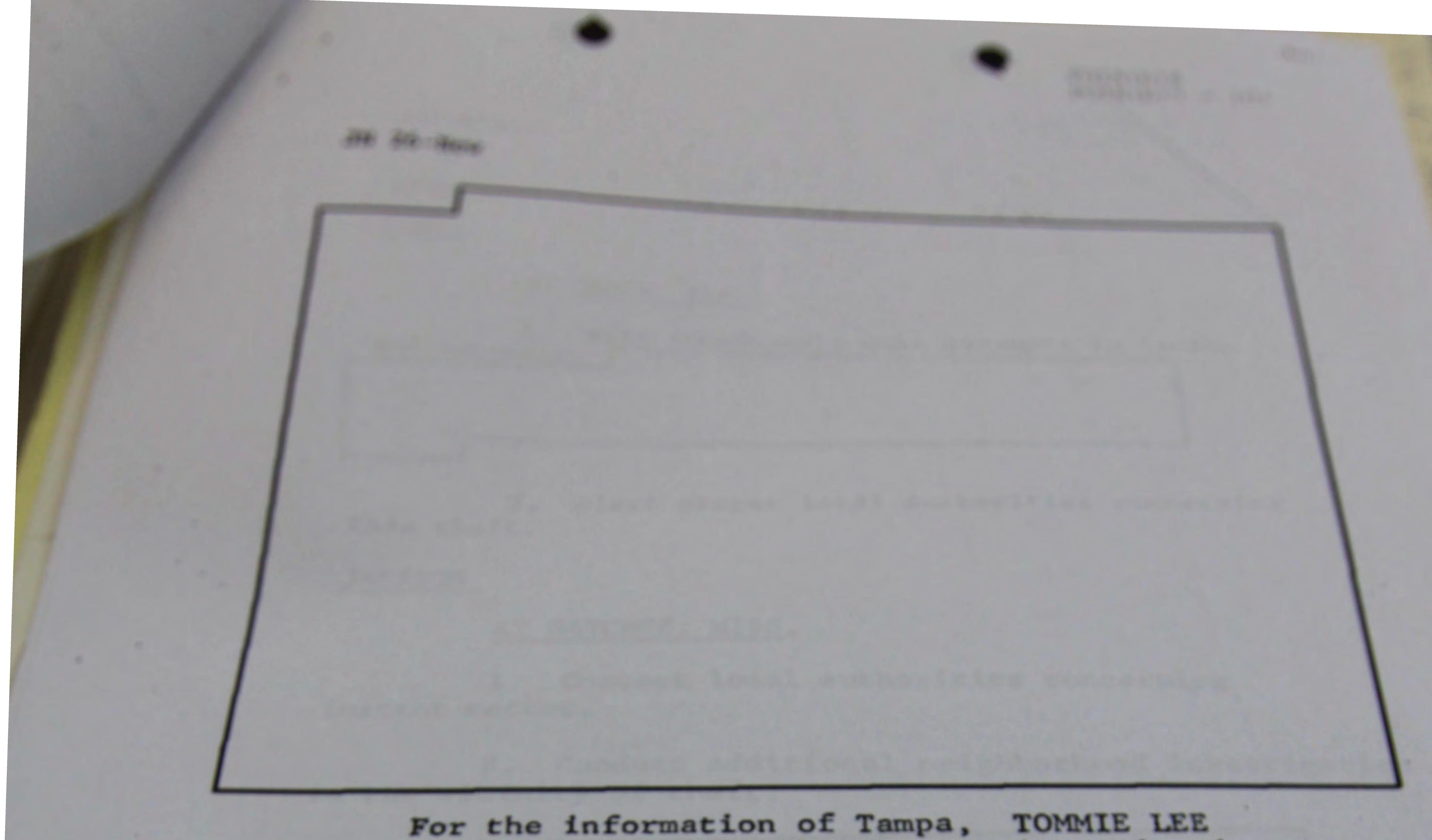
She volunteered that she was not denying the fact that they might have discussed certain things in her presence, but advised instead that she felt if this were the case, she has now forgotten it.

SEARCHED ANDEXED SERIALIZED TO SELLED

DEC 5 1967
FBI FINACKSON

stated that during the early morning hours of November 18, 1967, she was visited at her residence in Jackson by TOMMIE LEE JONES and ROY JESTER. She advised she had known JESTER briefly during 1964 and that JESTER is an employee of International Paper Company and a resident of Ferriday, Louisiana. | advised that JONES told her that they were visiting in Jackson and decided to stop by to see how she was getting along.

stated that after she had served them coffee, JONES called her into the other room and asked her if she had been contacted by a representative of the FBI. She stated that after she told JONES she had, JONES quizzed her intensively concerning what questions were asked at the FBI told TOMMIE LEE JONES that she had told contact. the FBI all she knew concerning him but had told them nothing concerning any klan affairs. She stated further that she asked JONES why he felt she was contacted by the FBI and he stated, "They're talking to everybody, especially our girl friends". stated that JONES and JESTER remained approximately one and one-half hours at her residence. She stated further that it was her opinion that JONES and JESTER drove to Jackson for the sole purpose of finding out what she had told the FBI.



JONES is a prime suspect in the WHARBOM investigation, as well as numerous Klan sponsored civil rights matters and bombings in the Jackson Division. He has cooperated with the Bureau to some degree to date, and it is believed that he will aid the Bureau in the future around the Natchez, Miss., area in regard to bombing matters, civil rights activities, and racial matters in general.

2

2) Will-somtimus interviewing subject when decomed Locations J28 T-1 1s JM T-2 1s JN T-3 is JN T-4 1s FOIA(b)7 - (D) FOIA(b)7 - (D) JN T-5 is JN T-6 15 JN T-7 is JN T-8 is JN T-9 is One copy of this report is being afforded the New Orleans Division in view of their interest in the subject, who has participated in numerous acts of violence in Concordia Parish, Louisiana. furnished the following information on a strictly confidential basis, fearing that any publicity regarding same would result in the loss of her children. COVER PAGE

T#:4453 DocId: 59160122 JH 157-613

work as a waitress at the Shamrock Motel Restaurant, vidalia, Louisiana, shortly thereafter met TOMMIE LEE JONES, and began dating TOMMIE JONES, he introduced her to THOR LEE TORGERSEN of Natchez, Miss., and she also began dating him several times per week.

LEE JONES and TORGERSEN were klansmen. She recalled hearing both of them talk of the Silver Dollar Group (SDG) and that during the Spring or early Summer of 1964, TORGERSEN gave her his silver dollar dated 1923. She stated at that time, TOMMIE JONES showed her that he, too, had a silver dollar. She advised she kept TORGERSEN's silver dollar until approximately July, 1967; at which time she lost it.

and JONES, she met RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER and NORMAN HEAD at the Shamrock Motel. She could furnish no information re GLOVER or, HEAD.

soever of TOMMIE LEE JONES or TORGERSEN dating any other person during the time she was dating them or themafter.

He further denied any activity in the past with matters. RAILEIGH JACKSON GLOVER in regard to acts of violence. He did state, however, he was visited by GLOVER on Thursday or Friday, July 20 or 21, 1967, and was asked by GLOVER to attend GLOVER's hearing in Fayette, Mississippi, in regard to the theft of the bush hog. TORGERSEN stated that he told GLOVER he would be there but he had no intention of making an appearance at this hearing. TORGERSEN advised that on the afternoon of July 24, 1967, he visited JAMES LEE SCAROBOROUGH in Ferriday, Louisiana, and learned that SCAROBOROUGH has no activity at the present time with the exception of the construction of a private school in the City of Ferriday, Louisiana. TORGERSEN continued that on the night of July 24, 1967, he was visited by TOMMIE LEE JONES of Natchez, Mississippi, and that JONES appeared very upset over his recent association with GLOVER on the night of July 14, 1967. JONES told TORGERSEN that he had been requested by GLOVER to attend GLOVER's hearing concerning the bush hog matter as GLOVER had told him, 'The enemy will be there, and we Jackson 44-2044; 157-613; 157-7479; File#-157-2444; 157-405; of Natchez, Mississippi 7/25/67 157-5206 Date dictated 7/26/67 /blw SA FRANK B. WATTS document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your a its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THOR LEE TORGERSEN, 1405 Westwood Street,

any information indicating those responsible for the bombings

deny any prior knowledge or participation in either of these

TORGERSEN advised that he has been unable to learn

acknowledged the identity of the interviewing Agent and

immediately advised that he was completely aware of his

rights and had no objections whatsoever to talking with

of GEORGE METCALFE or WHARLEST JACKSON. He continued to

the interviewing Agent.

Date _July 28, 1967

JW 1-6 on September 20, 1967, identified Timital led JN 7-3 on October 3, 1967, advised that Tobatt IEE JONES was one of several individuals present at a meeting of the SIG In Concordia Parish, Louisiane, on October 1, 1967. JN T-5 on October 4, 1967, identified TOWNIE LEE At this meeting, GLOVER was heard advising an unknown individe JN T-4 on October 3, 1967, identified the subject being present at the October 1, 1967, meeting of the SDG hel et a hunting lodge on the Mississippi River levee between Vicalia end Ferridey, Louissiene.

JN 157-613 JN T-2 on August 15, 1967, advised that the first SDG meeting he attended was held from a few months to a year prior to the June, 1965, fish fry at the residence of JAMES LEE. The informant advised this first meeting took place off the Liberty Road, Natchez, and among those present was TOMMIE LEE JONES of the Cloverdale section of Natchez. JN T-4 on August 15, 1967, advised that during 1964, when the WKKKKKOM in Adams County had more than a thousand members, a few members decided the klan was too large and desired that a "secret unit" should be formed. Following the above trip sometime in mid-1964, the informant attended a meeting of the SDG held on a sand bar off the Homochitto River near Meadville, Mississippi. According to the informant, TOMMIE LEE JONES of Natchez was present at the meeting. JN T-6 on September 20, 1967, identified TOMMIE LEE JONES of Natchez as a member of the SDG. JN T-3 on October 3, 1967, advised that TOMMIE LEE JONES was one of several individuals present at a meeting of the SDG in Concordia Parish, Louisiana, on October 1, 1967. JN T-5 on October 4, 1967, identified TOMMIE LEE JONES as being at the October 1, 1967, meeting of the SDG. At this meeting, GLOVER was heard advising an unknown individual that JONES was not an FBI informant. JN T-4 on October 3, 1967, identified the subject as being present at the October 1, 1967, meeting of the SDG held at a hunting lodge on the Mississippi River levee between Vidalia and Ferriday, Louisiana. JN T-2 on October 14, 1967, advised that the subject

JN T-2 on October 14, 1967, advised that the subject attended a meeting of the SDG on October 1, 1967, at a hunting lodge on the Mississippi River levee near Ferriday, Louisiana.

C. Acts of Violence JN T-7 on August 5, 1967, advised that a few days after the death of FRANK MORRIS of Ferriday, Louisiana, E. L. McDANIEL of Natchez, Mississippi, was advised that should four individuals, including TOMMIE LEE JONES of Natchez, be arrested in connection with the death of MORRIS, McDANIEL should get a bondsman and get them out of jail. JN T-2 on August 15, 1967, advised that some four to five years ago, a Negro painter supposedly went into the store of a JACK MOORE in the Natchez area and insulted the wife of JACK MOORE. Informant advised that JONES went to the residence of the Negro on the pretext of hiring him to do some painting for him, took the Negro out the Liberty Road, where he, T. L. TORGERSEN, and unknown individuals from Louisiana blindfolded and beat the Negro badly. to see a doctor, es lit list list ten single This source also advised that some two or three years ago, he heard that TOMMIE LEE JONES and four other individuals whipped a Negro who lived a short distance down Horseshoe Lake Road off Highway 84, a few miles west of Ferriday, Louisiana. He advised the Negro raised quail and pheasants. The source advised that on this occasion, the Negro's wife shot TOMMIE LEE JONES with a shotgun and TOMMIE JONES had to go to a doctor to get the shots removed. JN T-6 on August 17, 1967, advised that a few years ago, possibly 1963, TOMMIE LEE JONES, for some unrecalled reason, picked up a Negro painter who lived in the area of JACK MOORE's grocery store on Madison Street in Natchez, drove him out of town and whipped him. Source also advised that a few years ago, JONES and other individuals went to the residence of JAMES WHITE, a Negro who resides on Horseshoe Lake Road, to give him a beating. Source

advised that someone in WHITE's house saw one of the individuals take a pistol from his pocket and begin shooting. JONES was hit

with pellets from a shotgun and had to be taken to Brookhaven, Mississippi, to a doctor. JN T-4 on August 15, 1967, furnished substantially the same information regarding JAMES WHITE as that set forth The source advised T. L. Just Buspec the gun" went This source advised that TOMMIE JONES told him that he, TORGERSEN, JIMMY SCAROBOROUGH and RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER had burned a large night club down on Horseshoe Lake. Road. JONES advised they warned the owner to quit selling to teen-agers but he did not. He stated they tried to burn it one night, failed, went back the next night and burned it to the ground. Torgersen told the Negro be wested to look at d Torong Resided to the pen-JN T-8 on August 24, 1967, advised that to the best of his recollection, sometimes in 1964, TOMMIE JONES was in Brookhaven, Mississippi, to see a doctor, as he had been shot. According to the source, TOMMIE JONES was treated by Doctor JAMES E. SAFLEY of Brookhaven, who was a member of the WKKKKOM at one time. JN T-3 on August 15, 1967, identified the subject as one of six individuals who attempted to take some action against a Negro who lives near Horseshoe Lake in Concordia Parish and raises pheasants. JN T-3 on September 12, 1967, advised that on September JN T-3 on September 5, 1967, advised that during a recent conversation with RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER, GLOVER stated that TOMMIE LEE JONES almost got "BUCK" HORTON's head shot off at the house of the Negro who raises pheasants near Ferriday, Louisiana. GLOVER stated that JONES went to the house with an unloaded gun and when the Negro woman started shooting from the doorway, HORTON had to start shooting with his .45 caliber pistol to keep from being killed. JN T-9 on September 6, 1967, advised that he heard of an incident several years ago wherein TOMMIE LEE JONES had been shot with birdshot and had to go to Brookhaven to be treated. -14-

Source also advised that several years ago, there was discussion at a klan meeting in the Natchez area regarding the necessity of taking action against a Negro who was a painter, earpenter, or contractor, who had insulted Mrs. MOORE. The source advised T. L. JONES "jumped the gun" went to Amite County, got several klansmen and picked up the Negro and beat him. JN T-4 on September 5, 1967, advised that JONES recently related to him events regarding the Negro who "raises pheasants". JONES advised they stopped their automobile in front of the Negro's house and T. L. TORGERSEN went to the front door. TORGERSEN told the Negro he wanted to look at his pheasants and the Negro and TORGERSEN walked to the pen. JONES stated he was in the background and pulled both triggers on his shotgun but both snapped. He stated he had forgotten to load his gun. JONES stated that he then "ran like hell" but about that time, one of the Negroes in the house started shooting and he was hit in the cheek of his face and possibly in one of his arms. Source advised that they planned to kill this Negro because he recently was the head of the Black Muslims in that area. Vote on whether to dispose of JONES or not. LEE JN T-3 on September 12, 1967, advised that on September 12, 1967, RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER stated that T. L. JONES, JAMES LEE, T. L. TORGERSEN, NORMAN HEAD, and he burned REEF FREEMAN's night club near Horseshoe Lake. He stated JONES bitched the stuff on the night club and TORGERSEN lit it". The informant advised that TOMMIE L. JONES also participated in the beating of Negroes ROBERT WATKINS and RICHARD JAMES approximately two years ago in Concordia Parish, Louisiana. GLOVER did not say and thing at that time to make JONES

JM Y-1 on September 5, 1967, sovised that Tthuist ERWIN' Bar-B-Que Pit, Matchez, stated the FBI called bin to home". D. T. L. JONES Suspected as FBI Informant by SDG JN T-3 on September 15, 1967, advised that during the course of recent conversations with members of the SDG, it was evident that many of them did not trust TOMMIE LEE JONES and at that time, intended to do something about JONES. JN T-2 on September 13, 1967, advised that on September 8, 1967, JAMES FREDERICK LEE, a member of the SDG, remarked that TOMMIE LEE JONES was the individual talking to the FBI. JN T-5 on September 20, 1967, advised that at a September 9, 1967, meeting of the SDG, the major topic of conversation was TOMMIE LEE JONES, who all present suspected of being an FBI informant. After lengthy discussion, LEE suggested they take a vote on whether to dispose of JONES or not. LEE immediately stated he would vote to dispose of JONES, but GLOVER stated they should have definite proof before taking any action. JN T-1 on September 22, 1967, advised that JAMES SCAROBOROUGH stated he did not know that JONES was a traitor but was going to find out. JN T-3 on September 12, 1967, advised that on September 12, 1967, JONES was heard telling GLOVER that he heard GLOVER and JAMES F. LEE were going to kill him. GLOVER did not say anything at that time to make JONES suspicious of him. GLOVER later stated he could drive up to JONES' house and shoot him but that would be the end of him (GLOVER) also.

JN T-4 on September 15, 1967, advised that GLOVER on September 14, 1967, stated he had heard JONES had been seen talking with an FBI Agent in the bar of the Eola Hotel in Natchez, and GLOVER stated "one of these days, he will be looking down both barrels of my shotgun". or envoye else of his choosing prior to raking buy agreens E. Interviews here you might have something on met at eache though that will who came by the tell ond put up the consey, whether it was his At the International Paper Company, Nethber 30 18 5 5 5 5 5 5 Siven him a silver collar, nor has onyone with the second JONES stated further that he did not know personally of any dynamite in GLOVER's possession at the present time. He volunteered, however, that he did not believe that it was "good" for GLOVER to have dynamite in his possession as he was sure GLOVER would use it in the commission of some act of violence. JONES then volunteered that he would make concrete efforts to locate any dynamite belonging to GLOVER and then advise this Bureau in order that these explosives may be confiscated.

JONES commented further that his wife had recently received a telephone call from an individual who reported to her that JAMES LEE and RALEIGH JACKSON GLOVER intended to kill him. JONES stated that he was very much upset over learning this, and was of the opinion that LEE and GLOVER decided to take this action in view of the fact that they feel he, JONES, drinks too much and talks too much. He stated that he believes that they feel he has talked about them sometime in the past and that this information has directly or indirectly fallen in the hands of the FBI. JONES advised that he would not deny the fact that either of these individuals were capable of killing him if they thought he was cooperating with the FBI and telling them some of the things that they have done in the past. JONES stated that he could tell plenty on these individuals, but indicated that in so doing, he would involve himself. JONES declined to give any details concerning what he knew about GLOVER and LEE and advised that at the present time he did not desire to discuss their activities nor his further.

G. Alleged Girl Friend of JONES

JN T-4 on July 8, 1967, advised that TOMMIE LEE JONES formerly had a girl friend in the Natchez area but he was unable to furnish her identity at that time.

JN T-1 on September 13, 1967, advised that TOMMIE LEE JONES a few years ago dated a girl who worked in some capacity at the Shamrock Motel in Vidalia, Louisiana. This source advised that during 1962 or 1963, there was some talk within the klan of whipping JONES and TORGERSEN because they were running around on their wives.

. JOHES has had a girl friend in the part, but she dees not

affairs, plays armord with other ledge medicars wives,

dating only of theres. The state that she recalled

but she had no this term the seating Jones was actually

JN T-3 advised that according to GLOVER, approximately two years ago, TOMMIE LEE JONES had a girl friend who worked at the Shamrock Motel in Vidalia. GLOVER stated he hoped JONES was not "shooting off his mouth to that little whore". The source stated he believed the girl friend of JONES to be the same girl who had the tires on her car slashed at the Shamrock Motel at sometime in the past.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date ___9/30/67

AUDREY VENICE CALVITT, 804 Gregory Street, advised that she is the wife of NEAL CALVITT and that she is also known by the nickname of "Little Bit".

Mrs. CALVITT stated that approximately two and a half years ago she and her husband became active in the Moose Lodge in Natchez, Mississippi. She stated that at first she and her husband both attended all of the Moose Lodge affairs, but during the past two years her husband has not attended these affairs because of conflict with his work. She stated that she continued to attend these affairs alone and met other members during her attendance at these affairs.

She stated that about two years ago she met TOMMIE LEE JONES at a Moose Lodge dance, and has seen him on approximately a weekly basis since that time. She stated she has never dated JONES, but has met him at the Moose Lodge on various occasions. She stated that she has heard that JONES has had a girl friend in the past, but she does not know her identity.

She advised that JONES drinks a lot at these affairs, plays around with other lodge members' wives, but she had no information indicating JONES was actually dating any of these. She did state that she recalled JONES advising her that he used to go to the Shamrock Motel and the Bonanza Club located on Highway 84, Vidalia, Louisiana. She stated, however, that she knew of none of JONES' associates during his activity at these clubs.

9/25/67

Vidalia, Louisiana

BOUTERS EN LINE BERER OF TREETING.

Jackson 44-2044
File# Jackson 157-613

SA FRANK B. WATTS

116

-37- Date dictord

9/28/67

PEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATE

Date _ 10/10/67

Mrs. DENVER C. HALL (HELEN FULLER HALL), Morgan-Road, Natchez, Mississippi, advised that she was the manager of the coffee shop at the Shamrock Motel in Vidalia, Louisiana, for approximately seven and one-half years, ending on Mother's Day, 1964.

Mrs. HALL advised that as of approximately six weeks prior, Mrs. JOYCE WINDHAM JONES was residing in Bude, Mississippi, with the parents of her husband, Mr. B. C. JONES, who was killed in an automobile accident approximately six weeks ago.

Mrs. HALL advised that during late 1963 or early 1964, TOMMIE LEE JONES and THOR LEE TORGERSEN came by the coffee shop frequently and generally every Sunday morning. She stated TOMMIE LEE JONES and the husband of JOYCE WINDHAM JONES were cousins. She stated JOYCE and her husband were separated for approximately a year beginning in early 1964 and ending in early 1965. She stated this separation was due to the fact that JOYCE was "running around on her husband and he knew it."

Mrs. HALL stated she could not believe that JOYCE ever dated T. L. TORGERSEN. She stated she did suspect her of dating TOMMIE LEE JONES even though he and her husband were cousins.

She advised that for the first two or three months of the separation of JOYCE and her husband, JOYCE placed her children with the Masonic Temple in Meridian, Mississippi, and moved in with TOMMIE LEE JONES and wife. This resulted in a fight between JOYCE and TONMIE JONES' wife after which JOYCE left and spent some eight or ten months in the State of Florida.

> Jackson 44-2044 Jackson 157-613 File#Jackson 157-405

or Natchez, Mississippi 0/4/67

-38-/blw A REESIE L. TIMMONS